



Tango core

- News from kernel
 - Tango library 8.1
 - Source distribution 8.1
- Tango 8 @ ESRF
- Tango logo
- Tango survey
- Executive committee
- Continuous Integration @ ESRF
- Tango kernel test system





Team

After 18 months, Tomasz has left Alba for a RTW trip!











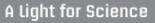
Tango library 8.1.2

Mostly a bug fixes release nevertheless

- Multicast event propagation available (C++ only)
- DeviceImpl::write_attr_hardware()
- Move servers from one CS to another
- Miscellaneous small changes

Bug fixes

- 22 (+) SourceForge recorded bug fixes
- 5 not recorded in SourceForge
- Detailed list in TANGO_CHANGES file (in distrib)







- Event unicast propagation is STILL the default
 - Multicast requires specific configuration
- Multicasting using the Pragmatic General Multicast (PGM) protocol – RFC 3208
 - OpenPGM implementation
 - Supported by ZMQ (--with-pgm during ZMQ compilation)
 - PGM is a reliable multicast protocol





Configuring one multicast event

- Choose the IP address and port used for transmission
 - IP between 224.0.1.0 and 238.255.255.255
- Define the MulticastEvent free property belonging to the CtrlSystem object
- The event name

Jive 4.24 [kidiboo:10000]		S. Contractory		x	
File Edit Tools Filter					
Server Device Class Alias Property		Free properties [Ctr	rlSystem]		
aa/bb/cc		Property name	Value		
		MulticastEvent	226.20.21.22 2222 dev/test/11/state.change		
- 😻 CtrlSystem - 👿 dserver/Nicocrash/manu	•	Refresh	New property Copy Delete		





• The complete definition of properties for multicast event is:

- Multicast address
- Port number
- [Rate (Mbit/sec)]
- [IVL (sec)]
- Event name
- Rate and IVL are optionals
- PGM is rate limited. **Rate** is the max bandwidth used by PGM
- IVL is the max time one receiver could be absent from network before data loss happens
 - Requires memory buffer
 - IVL = 60 for Rate = 1024 means 7 Gbytes buffer !! (on DS side)



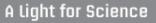


Jive 4.24 [kidiboo:10000]				
File Edit Tools Filter				
Server Device Class Alias Property	Free properties [CtrlSystem]			
aa/bb/cc	Property name	Value		
Astor Astor BPM CtrlSystem CtrlSystem CtrlSystem CtrlSystem Emittance-D9-optic Emittance-D9-optic Emittance-D9-optic IcepapController/tz16 IcepapController/tz16 ID/SR/VALUE ID/SR/VALUE ID/SR/VALUE ID/SR/VALUE I	MulticastEvent	226.20.21.22 2222 dev/test/11/state.change 226.20.21.22 3333 dev/test/10/state.periodic 226.30.31.32 4444 40 20 et/ev/01/lmaAttr.change 226.20.21.22 2233 dev/test/12/event_change_tst.change 226.20.21.22 2234 dev/tomasz/3/event_change_tst.archive		





- Multicast rate and ivl properties default value defined by properties
 - CtrlSystem → MulticastRate
 - Rate: 80 Mbit/sec hard coded in library if not defined
 - CtrlSystem → MulticastIvI
 - IVL: 20 sec hard coded in library if not defined
- Router numbers to cross for multicast packets
 - CtrlSystem → MulticastHops
 - 5 hard coded in library if not defined







Tango library 8.1.2 - write_attr_hardware()

- A new method in Tango device classes called by kernel
 Feature Request 68______
- For hardware which support writing several parameters (data) in one go
 - Called after the write_xxx() method
- Virtual method in DeviceImpl with default implementation doing nothing
 - Don't need it \rightarrow Don't code it

void MyTangoClass::write_attr_hardware(vector<long> &att_idx);





Tango library 8.1.2 - write_attr_hardware()

• Pb : Throwing exception!

- Classical Tango::Except::throw_exception()
 - Error reported to client for all concerned attributes
- New Tango::Except::throw_named_exception()
 - Error reported to client for one attribute
 - Attribute in error specified by
 - Its name
 - Its index (from the input arg)
- On client side
 - Idem classical DeviceProxy::write_attributes()





Tango library 8.1.2 - Miscellaneous

- New class DbServerData
 - Methods to easily move a complete DS from one CS to another one
- Memorization of error reported during device server startup sequence for memorized attributes
- New methods in Database class for device/attribute alias management
- Change default attribute format according to attribute data types
 - Bug 570 and FR 22





Tango 8.1 - ZMQ

- ZMQ is now at release 3.2.3
 - Much better release than 3.1
 - But wire **INCOMPATIBLE** with 3.1 !!!
- Tango 8.1 checks that both side using event are 3.1 or 3.2
 No mix allowed
- Tango 8.1 compiled with ZMQ 3.1 can be used with 3.1 or 3.2
- Tango 8.1 compiled with ZMQ 3.2 has to be used with 3.2





Tango 8.1 - ZMQ

- ZMQ is a "fashion" product
 - Selected by CERN
 - Used by PSI
 - Used by Ipython....

• Pieter Hintjens (ZMQ guru) at ESRF the 24/25 of June

- Discuss about we are using ZMQ today
- Is it possible to replace CORBA by ZMQ + XX ?
 - Which improvement for which work?

No news from the Nano project

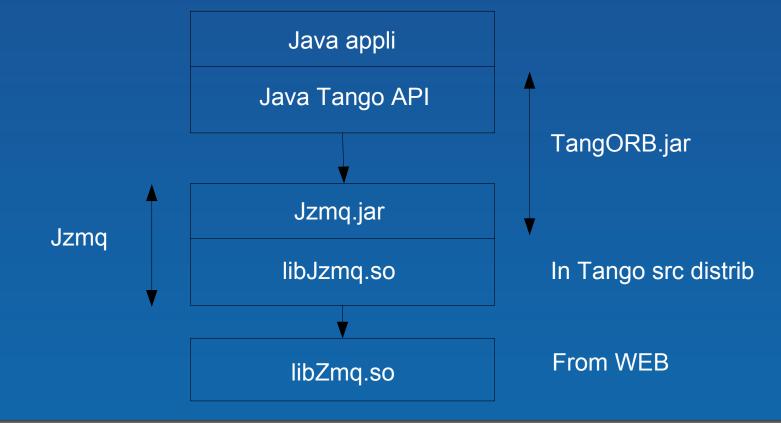




Tango distribution 8.1

 New TangORB release including ZMQ event (client side – No multicast)

Using Jzmq (2.1.2) which is a JNI layer above C++ ZMQ







Tango distribution 8.1

- LD_LIBRARY_PATH required for Jzmq to find libJzmq.so
- A message printed on console to inform you which event system (notifd or zmq) will be used for event propagation
- TangORB now uses Jacorb 3.1
- TangORB on Android for native application development
 - Still problems with
 - Jacorb 3.1 and RMI classes
 - Tango Access Control
 - ZMQ events
 - Specify Fully Qualified Device Name (tango://host:port/dom/fam/memb)





Tango distribution 8.1

- New TAC server release with improved device name access specification (sr/v-*/*)
- New database server release
- New ATK release

Available: Mid June

Generate libJzmq.so

Added a "make pdf" entry to generate Tango book
Requires a new log4tango release (4.0.8)





Tango 8@ESRF

- Tango 8.1.1 (8.1.2 without write_attr_hardware()) in use for the machine control system since 2 months but using ZMQ 3.1
 - Including ZMQ events for Java appli (TangORB 8.2.3)
 - Used for all Java applis receiving events from devices (using Tango 8)
 - For Tango HDB
 - 25 % of events uses ZMQ
 - But still all notifd processes running
- Some beam lines use Tango 8.0.5





Tango 8@ESRF

• Due to ZMQ wire incompatibility, update to ZMQ 3.2 touchy

- For machine control system
 - Stop all control system
 - Update lib
 - Restart everything
- For beam lines
 - Care has to be taken for beam lines processes accessing machine control system (Insertion device control, front-end control,...)



Tango 9

Main added features (reminder):

- Enumeration as attribute data type
- Pipes
- DeviceImpl::write_attr_hardware()
- Not started yet but
 - Point 3 already implemented in Tango 8.1
 - Updated reference doc for C++
 - Tango book chapter 6 and on-line doc about classes/methods available for Tango classes development merged
 - Available from pink site
 - Doxygen generated
 - Jzmq replaced by Jeromq ?





SourceForge - Forum

- Tango-cs and tango-ds SourceForge projects moved to Allura
- As requested by Executive Committee Tango-ds wiki opened
 - Not used!
- Krister (MaxLab) did a study about forum
 - PhpBB or Google group (requires Google account)
 - What about bugs report sent to mailing list?
 - Do we need forum + mailing list?





Tango logo

- Thank's to all those who sent one (11 proposals!)
- The last word is for the EC
- Community choice is proposal 9

Was the question well asked?







Tango logo

• 30 (21/05) answers from community members



47 %



20 %



17 %









- Thank's to all those who took the few necessary minutes to answer
 - 38 answers
- Aims:
 - How Tango is used?
 - Is it possible to remove some unused features?
- First sent to only one contact per institute then to the whole Tango list
- Not easy to conclude (some answers are strange)
- Every single features seems to be used
 - Can't remove anything!!!





- Tango 7 is still the most widely used release (53% 41%)
- C++ is language of choice to write Tango classes
 - Python just behind
 - Some Java classes
- Inheritance in Tango classes is sometimes used
- Half of the answers uses Tango logging for their own messages
- 30 % of answers never use attribute alarms
 - Even RDS is used!
- Polling is used but not always
 - 22 % don't use it





- Polling threads pool, externally triggered polling and filling polling buffer by code marginally used
 - 1 user for externally triggered polling!
- Serialization (device or attribute) rarely changed
- Memorized attributes widely used (67% + 11%)
- DevEncoded data type also used
- Your own main loop in DS, DS with database in a file or without database marginally used
 - 80 % don't use it but 15-20 % use it sometimes and even 1 user uses its own main loop!





- Python is the winner to write clients (60 %)
 - C++ and Java equally used
- Asynchronous calls, write_read_attribute() AttributeProxy and Group features are used
- attribute_history() and command_history() marginally used
 - Requires polling
- Device locking also marginally used
- Device alias more used than attribute alias



- Events used but not by everybody (8 % don't use them)
 - Change and periodic events are the most appreciated
- ATK and Taurus are the favorite GUI layers
- Matlab then LabView are the main bindings
 - Not very surprising
- Starter DS widely used but not everywhere
- All provided apps used
 - Big success for Jive (96 % use it)
 - Astor, AtkPanel and Pogo used in 60 % of answers
 - Pogo mostly for C++ classes and Pogo 7 (Still some Pogo 6 use)
 - Less use for other apps (LogViewer, Jdraw, AtkMoni, DeviceTree, AtkTuning)





- TangoTest DS well appreciated
- TAC marginally used (80 % don't use it)
 - Only one site (ESRF)
- Half of the user get Tango from the source distribution
 - 8 % windows binary distribution

 Only 20 % of users update their Tango installation at each minor releases

• File with all answers will be sent to the mailing list





Executive committee

- Tango foundation
- Tango logo
- Icalepcs 2013
- Next Tango meeting (ESRF 03/04 2014)
- Tango collaboration coordinator