ESRF	Experiment title: P-V equation of state and amorphiza of biotite and phlogopite	Experiment number: CH-1018
Beamline :	Date of experiment:	Date of report:
ID09	from: 28/04 to: 02/05/01	18/02/02
Shifts:	Local contact(s):	Received at ESRF:
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Report:

Micas play an important role in the metamorphic environment as geothermometers and geobarometers (Guidotti, 1982; Sassi *et al.*, 1994), and the knowledge of their thermoelastic properties is important to fully understand the behaviour at non-ambient conditions of these minerals in petrogenetic processes. We have undertaken an investigation devoted to determine the axial compressibilities and the equation of state (EoS) of natural phlogopite exploring a significantly larger baric interval (up to 12 Gpa). The sample was a natural phlogopite (1M-polytipe, SG C2/m) with an average composition of (K0.99Na0.02)(Mg2.73Fe0.15Al0.06Ti0.02)(Al1.07Si2.93)O10(OH)2.

The high-pressure experiment was carried out at the ID9 beam-line, using an angle disperse set-up from room conditions to 12 GPa by means of a Diamond Anvil Cell. Nitrogen has been used as pressure medium. The diffraction pictures have been collected on an Imaging Plate and the 2? -intensity patterns has been obtained by a radial integration (FIT2D software). In full, we base the present analysis on 22 pressure points.

The cell edge parameters have been extracted by using a full profile fitting (GSAS software); the plot of cell edges and angle vs. pressure is show in the pictures above. The compressibility coefficients at room conditions calculated by fitting the third order Birch-Murnaghan EoS are K_0 = 49.7(? 0.5) GPa, K'_0 =8.59(? 0.19), this result is in good agreement with the EoS's of similar micas.

