ESRF	Experiment title: A number of proteins from abacteria to Eukarya and from Antarctic to Volcanic areas	Experiment number: LS-1954		
Beamline:	Date of experiment:	Date of report:		
ID 14-3	from: 7 May 2001 to: 8 May 2001	25 July 2001		
Shifts:	Local contact(s): Dr. Joanne E. MCCARTHY	Received at ESRF:		
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Report: Two proteins have been studied: the retinol binding protein and the Kinase CK2

THE RETINOL RELEASE MECHANISM BY BOVINE RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN: A pH DEPENDENT HYPOTHESIS BASED ON HIGH RESOLUTION CRYSTAL STRUCTURES OF THE PROTEIN AT DIFFERENT pHs.

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The target transport of non-polar ligands by protein carriers to membranes or membrane receptors involves the release of these ligands on or near membranes. These hydrophobic ligands are often bound inside a deep pocket, as shown by the crystal structures of plasma retinol-binding protein (RBP) from different sources (1, 2). Retinol can be completely released from RBP *in vitro* by treatment with organic solvents, heating or low pH (3). It has been shown that the release of retinol is strongly accelerated by a decrease of pH in the presence of liposomes as well as in their absence. It has also been shown that both *apo* and *holo*-RBP can be transformed at low pH into the molten globule state, which is a conformational state that globular proteins assume under mild denaturing conditions, and it has been suggested and shown experimentally to be involved in protein translocation or insertion into membranes.

In order to test the mechanism of the pH-mediated release of the ligand from RBP, we have exploited the great stability of the crystals of the bovine protein at different pHs and measured high-resolution data from crystals soaked at different pH values. Five data sets were measured, at pH 9, 7, 4, 3 and 2. The crystals at

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high pH (9 and 7) diffract to about 1.2 Å resolution, whilst the remaining at about 1.4 Å resolution. We were not able to detect the release of retinol from the protein, since the tight crystal packing prevents the drastic necessary conformational change. Nevertheless, we have observed significant changes in the overall pattern of charge distribution at low pH, which is consistent with the original hypothesized mechanism (3). We have also shown the increase of the volume of the cavity on lowering the pH and the loosening of some of the polar interactions which keep the retinol inside the cavity. All these evidences gives interesting clues to explain the mechanism for the release of retinol.

DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING STATISTICS									
pН	7	2	3	4	9				
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁								
Cell dimensions	a=45.91	A=44.42	A=44.48	A=45.29	A=46.10				
	b=48.67	b=48.90	b=48.94	b=48.77	b=48.68				
	c=75.28	c=75.78	c = 75.50	c=74.61	c=75.74				
	α=β=γ=90°	α=β=γ=90°	α=β=γ=90°	α=β=γ=90°	α=β=γ=90°				
Resolution (Å)	74.54-1.27	44.28-1.48	48.79-1.46	40.82-1.45	40.82-1.09				
Total reflections	226144	168138	195663	136920	552856				
Unique reflections	42476	26941	28470	28216	65032				
Overall completeness (%)	94.3	94.8	96.9	95.7	88.2				
Completeness in last resolution shell (%)	94.3	94.8	96.9	95.7	88.2				
R _{sym} (%)	5.7	9.4	4.9	6.2	6.7				
Multiplicity	3.1	2.7	4.1	3.0	3.8				
Ι/σΙ	5.6	3.3	2.8	5.7	3.1				

¹⁾ Zanotti, G., Berni, R., Monaco, H. L. (1993). Crystal structure of liganded and unliganded forms of bovine plasma retinol-binding protein. *J Biol Chem* **268**, 10728-10738.

²⁾ Cowan, S. W., Newcomer, M. E., Jones, T. A. (1990). Crystallographic refinement of human serum retinol binding protein at 2A resolution. *Proteins* **8,** 44-61.

³⁾ Ptitsyn O. B., Zanotti G., Denesyuk A. N. and Bychkova V. E. (1993). Mechanism of pH-induced release of retinol from retinol-binding protein. *FEBS* **317 (3)**, 181-184

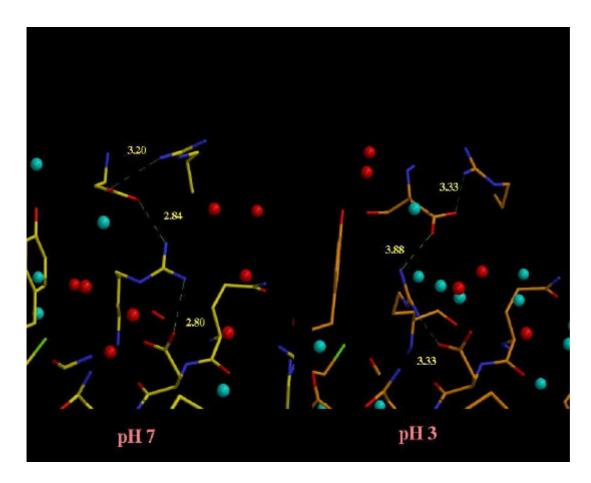


Fig 1. Comparison of potentially charged residues at the protein surface at pH=7 (left) and at pH=3 (right). The neutralization of Asp and Glu destroys the salt bridges and alter the position of side chains.

The complex protein kinase CK2 with the inhibitor quercetin.

Data were measured at line ID14-3, using one crystal and a rotation of 1 degree, for a total of 160 frames. Statistics on data processing are the following:

NT 1	/d^2	Dmin Rfa	c Rfull	Rcum	Danom	NT	7 T	SIGMA I/	ratama ad	Mn(I)/s	d Nmoog	Nref	Naont	
IN I	/u z	DIIIII KLA	C RIUII	RCuiii	Ranom	N	Av_I	SIGMA I/	sigma sd	MII(I)/S	u Nilleas	итет	NCent	
1 0	.0277	6.01 0.07	9 0.017	0.079	0.000	0	142106.	19166.6	7.4 918	7. 22.4	1969	721	63 -	0.305
2 0	.0554	4.25 0.08	8 0.141	0.086	0.000	0	189411.	28270.6	6.7 1299	4. 22.5	4612	1550	84 -	0.228
3 0	.0831	3.47 0.08	8 0.087	0.087	0.000	0	173932.	27035.6	6.4 1327	0. 20.7	6498	2051	94 -	0.220
4 0	.1108	3.00 0.09	7 0.091	0.089	0.000	0	93644.	15825.5	5.9 902	4. 16.6	8056	2480	103 -	0.234
5 0	.1385	2.69 0.12	1 0.086	0.093	0.000	0	43623.	8721.2	5.0 602	2. 12.9	9129	2790	105 -	0.229
6 0	.1662	2.45 0.15	3 0.099	0.097	0.000	0	23913.	5773.0	4.1 4959	9. 10.2	10045	3058	103 -	0.217
7 0	.1939	2.27 0.18	4 0.129	0.102	0.000	0	18540.	5467.8	3.4 507		11068	3355	103 -	0.253
8 0	.2216	2.12 0.22	6 0.140	0.107	0.000	0	13938.	4999.2	2.8 520	7. 6.5	11698	3540	105 -	0.306
	.2493	2.00 0.27		0.111	0.000	0	9640.	4197.7	2.3 510		12392	3770		0.298
10 0	.2770	1.90 0.37	5 0.244	0.115	0.000	0	5719.	3368.4	1.7 470	0. 2.9	9418	3334	91 -	0.169
Over	-all•	0.11	5 0.104	0.115	0.000	0	49690.	12448.4	4.0 66	71. 10.5	8488	05 2664	9 961	-0.235
Over	all.	Rfac			Ranom	Nanom	Av_I		I/sigma				f NceN	
		REAC	REGII	recum	Ranom	IVAIIOIII	11V_±	DIGNI	I/BIGMA .	ou mi(1)	/ ba Iville	.00 1110	I WOOL	-
N	1/d^2	Dmin	Nmeas	Nref	Ncent	%poss	Cm%poss	Mlplcty	AnomCmpl	AnomFrc	Rmeas	Rmeas	0 Rsy	
1	0.028	6.01	2082	834	95	88.0	88.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.100	0.100	0.079	0.102
2	0.025	4.25	4708	1646	116	97.2	93.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.108	0.100	0.073	
3	0.083	3.47	6574	2127	119	98.9	96.2	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.107	0.107	0.088	
4	0.111	3.00	8143	2567	129	99.8	97.4	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.116	0.116	0.097	
5	0.139	2.69	9236	2897	130	99.9	98.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.145	0.145	0.121	
6	0.166	2.45	10165	3178	131	99.8	98.6	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.184	0.184	0.153	0.215
7	0.194	2.27	11210	3497	129	99.8	98.8	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.220	0.220	0.184	0.262
8	0.222	2.12	11853	3695	129	99.6	99.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.270	0.270	0.226	0.332
9	0.249	2.00	12567	3945	136	99.4	99.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.331	0.331	0.277	0.429
10	0.277	1.90	10048	3964	114	95.2	98.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.468	0.468	0.375	0.630
		Overall	86586	28350	1228	98.5	98.5	3.1	0	.0 0.	0 0.1	39 N	139 0	.115
			Nmeas	Nref	Ncent	%poss				.o o. Cmpl Anom				sym

Report updated on: 25 September 2001