



Experiment Report Form

The double page inside this form is to be filled in by all users or groups of users who have had access to beam time for measurements at the ESRF.

Once completed, the report should be submitted electronically to the User Office using the **Electronic Report Submission Application:**

<http://193.49.43.2:8080/smis/servlet/UserUtils?start>

Reports supporting requests for additional beam time

Reports can now be submitted independently of new proposals – it is necessary simply to indicate the number of the report(s) supporting a new proposal on the proposal form.

The Review Committees reserve the right to reject new proposals from groups who have not reported on the use of beam time allocated previously.

Reports on experiments relating to long term projects

Proposers awarded beam time for a long term project are required to submit an interim report at the end of each year, irrespective of the number of shifts of beam time they have used.

Published papers

All users must give proper credit to ESRF staff members and proper mention to ESRF facilities which were essential for the results described in any ensuing publication. Further, they are obliged to send to the Joint ESRF/ ILL library the complete reference and the abstract of all papers appearing in print, and resulting from the use of the ESRF.

Should you wish to make more general comments on the experiment, please note them on the User Evaluation Form, and send both the Report and the Evaluation Form to the User Office.

Deadlines for submission of Experimental Reports

- 1st March for experiments carried out up until June of the previous year;
- 1st September for experiments carried out up until January of the same year.

Instructions for preparing your Report

- fill in a separate form for each project or series of measurements.
- type your report, in English.
- include the reference number of the proposal to which the report refers.
- make sure that the text, tables and figures fit into the space available.
- if your work is published or is in press, you may prefer to paste in the abstract, and add full reference details. If the abstract is in a language other than English, please include an English translation.



	Experiment title: Bacteriophage AP205	Experiment number: MX 274
Beamline: ID14-EH1	Date of experiment: from: 14 May 2004 to: 15 May 2004	Date of report: 30-Aug-04
Shifts:	Local contact(s): Stéphanie MONACO	<i>Received at ESRF:</i>
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Report:

Small RNA phages, belonging to the family *Leviviridae* have been used extensively as models for studies of various problems in molecular biology, including protein-RNA interactions, repression of translation, virus assembly and virus evolution.

The capsids of small RNA phages have T=3 symmetry and can be regarded as built up from 90 dimers. The three dimensional structures of several small RNA phages, including MS2, Q β , fr, Ga and PP7 have been determined earlier.

Bacteriophage AP205 infects *Acinetobacter* bacteria and its coat protein has no detectable similarity to that of other small RNA phages. In contrast to other small RNA phage capsids, which always have T=3 symmetry, recombinant AP205 capsids may have either T=1 or T=3 symmetry. About 80-90 % of particles from the same preparation have T=3 symmetry, while remaining 10-20% have T=1 symmetry. So far it has proved to be impossible to separate particles of both sizes.

In this experiment we collected a 4.0 Å dataset of recombinant AP205 capsid crystals. According to cell dimensions, crystals were built exclusively of T=1 particles, which was somewhat surprising, since material for crystallization consists mainly of T=3 particles. At the moment, structure determination is in progress.