

## EXPERIMENT RISK ANALYSIS

Experimental Number: CH3802

Beamline: **BM23** 

Main Proposer: Daniela Zanchet

Title of the Experiment: Comparison of Pt and Rh catalysts and the efect of support to steam reforming of methane

### **1** EXPERIMENT (only if changes since the proposal)

Classification of the sample:								
<ul> <li>☐ Radioactive</li> <li>☐ Explosive</li> <li>⊠ Other: no risk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contaminant</li> <li>Biological</li> </ul>	Corrosive	Oxidising					
Sample Description:								
Crystal	🛛 Powder	Polycrystalline	🗌 Multilayer					
🗌 Liquid	🗌 Gas	Nanoparticles						
Other:								
Container:								
Capillaries	🗌 Flat plate	Pressure cell – Type:						
🛛 Other: Oven for exp	periments in fluoresco	ence mode (sample enviro	oment)					
ESPE aquinment to be	usadi							
ESAF equipment to be	useu:							
🗌 Furnace	🗌 Magnet	🗌 Cryostat	Cryogenic gas stream					
Refrigerator	🗌 Laser	High pressure	Fixed temperature					
🛛 Other: Oven for exp	periments in fluoresc	ence mode (sample envir	oment)					

The Safety Group must immediately be informed of all modifications made and which differ from the original proposal and this at least two weeks before your arrival on site.

Your equipment has been tested by your home institute. No changes can be made before your arrival at the ESRF and until your experiment has started.

# 2 Risks associated with equipment to be used on site

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)	) Risks		Preventive measures
Pressure equipment	(e.g	.: autoclave, high pressure cell	l, vacuum chamber, compressor, boosters):
		Projection of fragments	
		Gas leak	
Gas pressure equipment Yes X No		Burns	
		Whipping of hoses	
		Other	
		Projection of fragments	
		Vapour leaks	
Vapour pressure equipment Yes X No		Burns	
		Whipping of hoses	
		Other	

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)	Risks	Preventive measures
	Projection of liquids	
Liquid pressure	Whipping of hoses	
	Burns	
	Other	
Equipment used in	Implosion	
Yes 🔀 No	Other	
Furnace	Fire	Preliminary tests were done in the chemistry laboratory.
	Thermal burns	The oven is cooled with a thermal bath
	Electrical	Check if all the wires are well isolated.
	Other	

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)	Risks		Preventive measures
Cryostat □ Yes ⊠ No		Cryogenic burns	
		Quenching (sudden vaporisation of refrigerated liquid gas with the possibility of asphyxiation)	
		Electrical	
		Asphyxiation	
		Other	
Cryo-magnet ☐ Yes ⊠ No		Cryogenic burns	
		Quenching (sudden vaporisation of refrigerated liquid gas with the possibility of asphyxiation)	
		Electrical	
		Asphyxiation	
		Harmful effects on human health	

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)		Risks	Preventive measures
Crue magnet		Metallic objects in movement	
Cryo-magnet		Other	
		Electrical	
Other equipments generating magnetic fields Yes No		Harmful effects on human health	
		Metallic objects in movement	
		Other	
C		Chemical risk (see use of toxic and corrosive products)	
Electrochemical cells Yes X No		Electrical	
		Other	

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)	Risks	Preventive measures
	Accidental eye and skin exposure	
Laser	Electrical	
🗌 Yes 🔀 No	Fire	
	Other	
	Eye and skin exposure	
IR, UV, Hg lamps	Contact burns	
🗌 Yes 🔀 No	Electrical	
	Other	
Electromagnetic wave generator Yes X No	Exposure to non-ionising radiation	
	Electrical	
	Other	

Equipment used (please tick Yes or No)		Risks	Preventive measures
Micro blowtorch Yes X No		Burns	
		Fire	
		Other	
Heating Ribbon		Electrical	
Yes 🗌 No	$\boxtimes$	Burns	Glass wool was kept around the heating tape.
Other equipment:	$\boxtimes$	No risk	

## **3** Risks associated with the use of chemicals and gases

#### 3.1 Chemicals and gases to be used:

#### Chemicals:

Name	CAS number	Quantity	Concentration	Use

Extra rows needed? Just type <u>Yes</u> in the box which will appear when you have completed the final cell in the above table

Gases:

Type of gas	%	Size	Number of cylinders	Continuous flux
Helium	pure	50 L	1	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Hydrogen in helium	5%	20 L	1	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
CO in helium	5%	20 L	1	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
				Yes No
				Yes No

## 3.2 Risks and associated preventive measures

Classification of the chemical / gas	Name(s)	Risks	Preventive measures
Explosive (unstable)		Explosion (dispersion in the air, incompatibilities, presence of static electricity, impacts, possible friction)	
Flammable	5%/He	Projection Fire Explosion	Leaking test and detectors
Oxidising		Fire Explosion	
A PAR		Skin and eye burns	
Corrosive Yes No		Attack of materials	
Toxic Yes 🗌 No	5%CO/He	Chronic or acute intoxication	Leaking test and detectors

Classification of the chemical / gas	Name(s)	Risks	Preventive measures
CMR (Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic to Reproduction)		Serious effects on human health (cause cancer, modifies DNA, harms fertility)	
Harmful, Irritating		Skin and eye irritations	
Nanoparticles		Toxic effect on human health	
		Explosion	
		Dispersion	
Biological samples		Allergenic	
		Secondary infection	
		Oncogenic	
		Toxic	

Classification of the chemical / gas	Name(s)	Risks	Preventive measures
X		Pin prick	
		Cut	
Biological samples		Other	
Radioactive samples		Contamination	
		Irradiation	
		Pyrophoric	
		Other	

#### Use of gas cylinders

Gas under pressure	5%H2/He	$\boxtimes$	Explosion (due to heat or following a fall)	Leaking test
	He and 5%CO/He	$\boxtimes$	Asphyxiation	Leaking test

## 4 Stage by stage description of the experiment

In this description you must indicate, stage by stage, all the preparation, set-up and testing phases of your experiment which you will carry out on site.

For each phase you must specify:

- which of the above-mentioned equipment will be used,
- the conditions in which the equipment, products will be used,
- the particular risks of the stage,
- feedback on previous use (incidents which already occurred involving this type of equipment or installation),

The associated preventive measures will appear in the table below (sections 2 and 3.2).

The oven will be mounted and a leaking test (using helium) for the gases will be done.

We will keep the sample in the cell and another leaking test will be done (every time that we need to change the sample a leaking test will be done).

The sample will be reduced in 5%H2/He (maximum flux of 100mL/min), 5 0C/min until 500 0C. The sample will be kept in this temperature per 1 hour.

Then, the temperature will be decreased and a misture of 5%CO/He with H2O (carried by He) will be used as the reactantes for the reaction. The highest temperature that will be used for the reaction will be 400 OC. Experiments using just one of the reactants per time will also be done.

### 5 In the event of an emergency

Should a problem occur with your samples, equipment, chemicals, processes... during the preparation of your experiment or while it is taking place, indicate what interventions you propose:

In case of gas leaking the cylinder should be closed until the problem be solved. In case of problems with the oven the power should be turn off.

## 6 Documents which must accompany the dossier

- Photo (jpg) of the installations and equipment which belong to you
- Compliance certificates for the equipment or documents which prove compliance (lasers, furnace ...)
- Documents proving the tests which were carried out (high pressure cells (except Paris-Edinburg and diamant), home-made equipment)

Documents and images may be inserted here (insert - object – browse to file – select display as an icon):